The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 2064

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28. 1742.

N°. 2062.

To the Author of the DAILY GAZETTEER.

York, January 23, 1742.

SIR,

Take this early Opportunity of congratulating you on the Succeſs of our Election, which ſo fully demonſtrates the Falſity of thoſe Suggeſtions which have been thrown out by the Oppoſition, as to the Temper of Freeholders and Men of Eſtates. There certainly never was a fairer or freer Election than this of Mr. *Turner*, nor one in reſpect to which the Party took more Pains. It is therefore to be hop'd that the Want of Succeſs will teach them Modeſty, and that from this apparent Defeat, on the greateſt Poll that perhaps was ever taken, they will not preſume to inſinuate that the Nation is wholly on their Side.

In the Courſe of this Affair many Things have happened which deſerve to be taken Notice of, ſuch as the Zeal with which Gentlemen of large independent Fortunes eſpouſed the Intereſt of Mr. *Turner*, in reſpect to his perſonal Merit and known Attachment to the Crown and Conſtitution; the high Contempt with which all the ſcurrilous Papers were received, that were ſpread over the Country in order to prejudice him, or to deter ſuch as were inclin'd to vote for him; and the great Decency that was obſerv'd on his Side of the Queſtion, notwithſtanding theſe rude and repeated Provocations. But inſtead of dwelling upon theſe and many other Inſtances of the Virtue and Publick Spirit of Mr. *Turner*'s Friends, which I could mention, I ſhall only take Notice of two Things, which I look upon to be pretty extraordinary.

The firſt is, that Mr. *Fox* thought proper to advertize in your Paper; which ſhews that the Gentlemen in the Country Intereſt do not take the Character of the *Gazetteer* from their own Scribblers, but think of it as it deſerves. Many Attempts indeed have been made to poiſon the World againſt your Paper, which certainly would not have been done, if they had not apprehended that their Cauſe might be in danger if your Writings were read. In this County they have been always well known, and this was a Thing ſo notorious, that it would certainly have been great Imprudence in any Candidate to have declin'd uſing it upon ſuch an Occaſion; as after ſuch a Uſe of it, it would be extraordinary Aſſurance in any Party to inſinuate, as they have formerly done, that thoſe eſteem your Paper are unworthy of any Application.

The other Remark I would make is this, that nothing could be of greater Service to Mr. *Turner*. than the violent Attack made upon him by the *Iriſh Papiſt* who writes *Common Senſe*. It is not eaſy to expreſs how much an Indignation this rais'd in the Breaſts of our conſtant Freeholders, who have always diſtinguiſh'd themſelves by their hearty Affection to the *Revolution*, *Hanover Succeſſion*, and the *Preſent Eſtabliſhment*. They took it for granted, that the Gentleman whom the Fellow abus'd, could have incurr'd his Hatred no other Way, than by his loyal and dutiful Conduct on all Occaſions; and were therefore determin'd to ſupport him to the utmoſt Vigour an *Engliſh Proteſtant*, outrageouſly libell'd for his firm and ſteady Adherence to his Principles. They were indeed ſurpriz'd that Side ſhould be proud of ſuch Aſſiſtants, but they were ſtill more amaz'd when they ſaw the Impudence of *Common Senſe* outdone by a late *Champion*, wherein it is affirmed, after the Hopes of the oppoſite Party were entirely gone, that Mr. *Fox* would carry his Election by

It is with equal Pleaſure we obſerve, that the ſame *Papiſt* is the avow'd Perſonal Enemy of that Honeſt Gentleman who has ſo long and faithfully ſerv'd the King and Country. We cannot but apprehend that repeated Attempts to blaſt his Character will ſerve to raiſe it; and that his earneſt Exhortations to the Pope to maſſacre him and his Friends, in order to make room for the Patrons of *Common Senſe* into Publick Poſts, muſt laſt open the Eyes of all Proteſtants at leaſt, and ſhew them the Danger they run, by having ſuch Doctrines as theſe openly propagated. When he carries his Impudence ſtill higher, when he pretends not only to inſult and inſtruct, but to hector and threaten the Nation, when he takes upon him to proſcribe as have incurr'd his high Diſpleaſure, and to inform them that now is the Time to ſue and obtain his Pardon, when he ſports with the Misfortunes of the Houſe of Auſtria, and triumphs in the Danger of his Majeſty's Hereditary Dominions; we are aſham'd and amaz'd, we know not what to think or what to ſay——but expect with Impatience when thoſe whom he abuſes moſt, by pretending to publiſh their Sentiments, ſhall do him, themſelves, and their Country, Juſtice, by treating him according to his Deſerts. In the mean time, Sir, I venture to aſſure you, that this rich and populous County is far from being poiſon'd either with *Popiſh* or *Republican* Principles, but are as heartily in the Intereſt of the King and Government as can be deſir'd.

I am, SIR,

Your conſtant Reader, and very humble Servant,

A FREEHOLDER OF YORKSHIRE.

Yeſterday arriv'd the Mails due from Holland, France *and* Flanders.

Extract of a Letter from Petersburgh, Jan. 1. *O.S.*

'A Suſpenſion of Arms for Three Months is concluded between this Court and that of Stockholm, and Preliminaries of the Peace are alſo propoſed. The Swedes, who are extravagant in their Pretenſions, demand the Reſtitution of Carelia, and of the Diſtricts of Wybourg and Kexholm, with a Part of Livonia; or elſe an Equivalent in Money, to indemnify their Expences in the War. As to Livonia, 'tis very much doubted whether the Empreſs will be perſuaded to relinquiſh the leaſt Part of that Province, whatever ſhe does with Carelia and its adjacent Diſtricts. As to a Sum of Money, the Finances of the Empire are in ſo good a State that her Imperial Majeſty may perhaps conſent to grant a Million or two of Rubles: But if ſhe agrees to give certain Advantages to Sweden, ſhe propoſes to reſerve others to herſelf for the Security of her Government, and of the Settlement of the Succeſſion to the Throne of Ruſſia, to the end that the Intereſt of the Empire in this reſpect may be always diſtinguiſh'd from every other Intereſt. The Empreſs will in a few Days pronounce Judgment in the Affair of the Counts d'Oſterman and Munich, the Baron de Mengden, and other State Priſoners, who 'tis foreſeen will be baniſh'd to ſeveral Parts of the Empire; tho' Count Oſterman is like to be exempted from that Fate, becauſe he is ſo dangerouſly ill that his Phyſicians queſtion his Recovery. The Count de Lowenwolde has been ſet at Liberty, who has made an ingenuous Declaration that he was not in their Secret, for which he has Reaſon to thank his Stars, becauſe if he had, he might perhaps have been oblig'd to conſent to whatever they pleas'd. The Princeſs of Mecklembourg, who was oblig'd on account of the Indiſpoſition of the Infant Princeſs her Daughter to ſtop two or three Days on the Road, made another Halt for two or three Days between Narva and Riga, but, as 'tis believ'd, for different Reaſons. Col. Stuart, who is Velt Marſhal Laſcy's Son-in-law, is arriv'd near this City with 6000 Grenadiers from Moſcow, who are to replace the Guards when the Empreſs ſets out for that Capital, where a Palace of Wood is actually erecting, which is to contain 200 Rooms. The Duke of Holſtein Gottorp, who is expected here before the End of this Month, will accompany the Empreſs in her Journey.

Duſſeldorp, Jan. 3. *N.S.* We have receiv'd the agreeable News that the Difference betwixt the Families of Brandenbourg and Sultzbach with rehard to the Succeſſion of the Duchies of Berg and Juliers are at length ſettled by a Treaty, the Ratification whereof was ſign'd on the 10th inſtant, and has ſince been communicated to ſeveral Courts. This Treaty was concluded by the French King's Mediation, and we hear that his Majeſty and the new Emperor are Guarantees of it. By this Treaty the Succeſſion to the ſaid Duchies has been ſettled in favour of the Deſcendants of the Female Line as well as of the Male Line of the Sultzbach Family.

Weſel, Jan. 30. *N.S.* Our laſt Letters from Prague ſay, that on the 22d at Night the King of Pruſſia ſet out from thence for Moravia, to put himſelf at the Head of a numerous Army conſiſting of the Flower of his own and the Confederate Forces, to make a powerful Diverſion in favour of Bavaria, and oblige the Queen of Hungary to accept of the Plan of Partition as the Baſis of a general Pacification. There remain in all the Duchy of Cleeves but one Regiment of Foot which is quarter'd here, and a Batallion at Gueldres.

Prague, Jan. 25. *N.S.* The Marſhal de Broglio hearing that Lintz, which is block'd up by the Count de Khevenhuller, muſt ſoon be oblig'd to ſurrender for want of Proviſions, has ſent Orders to ſeveral Detachments along the Moldaw and in the Neighbourhood of Piſſeck, to the Number of 6 or 7000 Men to march to its Relief.

The Paris Alamain of Saturday laſt concludes his uſual Letter from the Hague with the following Repreſentation ſaid to have been lately made there by the Marquis de Fenelon to the States General.

'The King my Maſter having all the Reaſon in the World to believe that the States General are incenſed againſt him, perſiſts in his Demand of your Neutrality, which your High Mightineſſes can't refuſe him without convincing him that you are ready to declare yourſelves his Enemies: Therefore his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty expects a deciſive Anſwer.'

Mr. Trevor (ſays the ſame Writer) preſſes the States General to refuſe this Demand, and repreſents to them that it has an Eye to the Auſtrian Netherlands, of which the Marquis de Fenelon ſpeaks but obſcurely; and beſides there's all the Reaſon in the World to believe, that France hopes to have the Netherlands, to indemnify her for all the Expences ſhe has been at in the Empire.

HOME PORTS.

Briſtol, Jan. 25. This Day arriv'd the Charming Sally, Trenchard, from Barbados in ſeven Weeks.

Mountsbay, Jan. 23. Came in the Neptune, Roſs, from Cork for Rotterdam; and Yeſterday, the Joſeph, ——, from Dunkirk for Briſtol, and the Lovely Betty, Wane, from London for Jamaica.

Falmouth, Jan. 23. Wind E. Since my laſt arriv'd the Teneriff, Carter, from Lisbon laſt from Topſham for this Place, and the Mary, Merry, from Faro for Roterdam. Sailed the Newbridge, Harman, for Dublin, and the Revival, Ball, for Oporto.

Plymouth, Jan. 24. Since my laſt came in his Majeſty's Ship the Norwich, from London, with two Merchantmen under her Convoy for Gibraltar.

Weymouth, Jan. 25. Wind S S. W. This Day came to an Anchor in Portland Road, the Dove, Sparks, from London for Guernſey.

Poole, Jan. 25. Wind W. Sail'd the John and Betty, Pinhorn, for South Carolina. Arrived the Dodington, Hart, (not the Samuel and Hannah, Olive, as in my laſt) from Lisbon, and the Two Siſters, Nicklaſs, from London.

Southampton, Jan. 26. Wind W. Since my laſt arriv'd the Expedition Packet, Mourant, from Guernſey. Sail'd the Dove, Sparks, for Guernſey.

Dover, Jan. 26. Wind S. W. Arrived the N. S. de Concordia, Ribeiro, from Lisbon.

Deal, Jan. 26. Wind W. by S. Remain his Majeſty's Ships Advice, Blandford, Scipio Fireſhip, and Drake Sloop, with the Eaſt India Ships, and all the Outward-bound as per Yeſterday's Liſt. Arriv'd the King of Portugal, Hughes, from Lisbon.

Graveſend, Jan. 26. Paſs'd by the Induſtry, Curling, from Virginia; the Carolina, Gill, the Ann, Watſon, the Hamilton, Scot, and the Elizabeth, Duper, all four from Maryland; the Mary, Holloway, from Leghorn.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Barbados, the Patience, Doubt, from Briſtol; the Nancy, Briggs, from Guiney; the Roſe, Tanner, from Boſton, and the Ann and Betty, Bond, from Lancaſter.

At Leghorn, the Italian Merchant, Carterer, from London, laſt from Falmouth in 19 Days; the Advice, ——, the Eagle, Tatterſhall, the Mary, Broeders, and the Adventure, ——, all from Falmouth; the Mediterranean, Gardner, from Genoa; the Ann and Deborah, ——, from Dublin; the St. Peter, ——, the Charlton, Warren, the Robert, ——, the Carolina Merchant, Curtis, the Love, Bailey, the William and Thomas, ——, the Turtle, ——, the Willing Mind, ——, and the Virgin, ——, all from Newfoundland; and the Mary Galley, Wride, from Petersburgh.

At Genoa, the Duke of Lorrain, Newton, from London and Falmouth.

At Viana, the New Key, Prance, from Newfoundland laſt from Lisbon.

At Briſtol, the Mortimer, Landſdown, in 31 Days from Virginia.

At Biddeford, the Three Brothers, Chapple, the Proſperous, Giles, and the Caroline, Shapton, in three Weeks from Lisbon.

LONDON, January 28.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, of Jan. 20. *N.S.*

'Capt. Dickenſon, from Stockholm, is arriv'd here, who ſays, that about 40 Leagues of this Side the Britiſh Channel he ſaw Capt. Peter Heldt, of the Stockholm, with 200 Tons of Iron, &c. on board, bound alſo from Stockholm for this Place, ſurpriz'd by a ſmall Veſſel, and all the People kill'd. He knows not of what Nation the Veſſel was, but ſuppoſes them to be Pyrates.

The Dorothy, Purchaſs, bound from London to Smyrna, is ſaid to be taken and carried into Cadiz.

From

From Leghorn Jan. 22. N. S. they write, that in six Days time they had felt fifteen Shocks of an Earthquake, which occasion'd most of the Inhabitants to retire on board Ships or into the Country; that the last Shock was the most terrible; but having been free for two Days, they were in hopes 'twas over.

The Letters from Cadiz by the last French Post say, that Admiral Torres with his Squadron sail'd from the Havana the 31st Oct. O. S. for Europe, and is hourly expected in some Port in Spain.

The Martha and Sally, Wilkie, from Virginia for London, was taken the 10th Decem. in Lat. 49: 31. Long. 11: 31, by a Spanish Privateer commanded by Capt. Cottaro, and is carried into St. Sebastians.

The Eagle, Sharpham from Newfoundland, mention'd in our last to be carried into St. Sebastians, was, according to the Master's Letter, taken 60 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly. So that it appears the Spanish Privateers have gradually retir'd many Leagues to the Westward of their first Stations, which were about Ushent, the Land's-End, and Scilly; and no doubt they will soon find it safest for them to remove still more distant.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the present Expedition to Cuba, dated Nov. 4. 1741. from Cumberland-Harbour, formerly call'd Guanthenam Bay.

—'But that I may farther illustrate the Truth of 'these Things, proclaim the Glory and Success of his 'Majesty's Arms, and prove to you what Reason the 'the Court of Spain has to be convinced of the Inequality they bear in the present War, I will but just mention the several Prizes taken by our Cruizers, since we 'took Possession of this Part of Cuba.

'In the Beginning of August, Capt. Cleland, in the 'Worcester, took and brought in here a new Man of 'War belonging to the King of Spain, of 24 Guns and '245 Men, commanded by Don Emanuel de Cordon, 'and called the Aranjouez or Aranzuza. She had on 'board a fine Cargo of Wines, &c.

'Capt. Broderick, in the Shoreham, has, in September 'last, taken a Spanish Prize off the River Sina, with '30000 Dollars in Specie on board, and a Cargo valued 'by the Spaniards at 50000 more, but will be worth '20000 Dollars at Jamaica.

'About the latter End of the same Month, Capt. Den'nison, in the Augusta, took off Port Francois in Hispa'niola, a large Merchantship bound from the Havannah 'to the Coast of the Caraccas, with Letters on board 'mentioning 80000 Dollars to have belong'd to her; 'but that the Governor of the Havannah had been oblig'd 'for Want of Money to pay the Garison, to seize upon 'a good Part of it: She will turn out, however, as it is 'believ'd, worth 40000 Dollars at least.

'Capt. Long, in the Chester, sent in here in the Begin'ning of October a large French Snow, taken in his 'Cruize off St. Jago, laden with 997 Quintals of Quick'silver, &c. and bound for La Vera Cruz, tho' the Cap'tain pretended for Mississippi: But she has Papers found 'on board sufficient to condemn her, and her Cargo is 'not estimated at less than 30000 l. Sterling in England; 'at La Vera Cruz would have sold for double that Sum.

'This Day a Schooner was sent in here by the Tilbu'ry, commanded now by our first Lieutenant Mr. Bea'ver, in the Absence of Capt. Dent, taken off Hispaniola, 'in which was found at first Search 2000 Dollars in Spe'cie, besides a rich Cargo; and it is greatly expected 'that, upon further Examination, much more Treasure 'will be found on board her.

'These, together with the rich Ship from the Ha'vannah, taken by the Success, Capt. Thompson, off 'the Madeiras, valued, as we he hear, at 1,300,000 Dol'lars, will amount to a prodigious Sum.

'I need not mention the inestimable Damage that 'Spain has suffer'd in the Destruction of her Castles and 'other Fortifications at Porto-Bello, Chagre, and Cartha'gena; the Men of War, Galleons, Guarda-Costa's, Mer'chant-ships, Sloops, and other Vessels sunk, burnt, and 'taken there, together with all the other rich Captures 'made of a Register Ship, the Viceroy of Mexico's fine 'Ship, Cargo, and Regalia, and numberless other Ships 'trading to and from the West-Indies since the Begin'ning of the War.

'But this is not all; the Catastrophe of the Marquis 'de Torres's new Ship of 80 Guns, lately burnt by 'Lightning at the Havannah, must, in its Consequences, 'most deeply affect, and greatly embarrass, the Spanish 'Court and Ministry.

'In several Letters taken on board the Augusta's Prize, 'mention'd above, we have full Accounts to the Govern'ors of La Guira and Caraccas of that fatal Accident.— 'As she lay within less than Pistol-shot of the Town, all 'the Inhabitants were in the utmost Consternation, and 'fled from the Place in such Hurry and Confusion, that 'Parents left their Children behind them, and some 'Children hung upon the Skirts of their Parents, with 'such Cries and Exclamations, as made the Whole, says 'the Correspondent, a true Picture and Representation 'of the Day of Judgment. They add, that the Explo'sion of the 500 Barrels of Powder on board, occasion'd 'so great a Shock, that several Doors in the Town were 'unlock'd by it; that one Church is entirely destroy'd, 'the Dome and Steeple of the Cathedral is so rent from 'Top to Bottom, that the Whole must be rebuilt. The 'Damage done to both is computed at many thousand 'Dollars: But what adds most to their Affliction, all the 'Remainder of the Money brought from Carthagena was 'lodg'd in this Ship, and either melted or blown up, be'ing no less than four or five Millions of Dollars. The 'Admiral de Torres himself narrowly escap'd, but many 'of his Men suffer'd in the Flames. He was afterwards 'so unlucky as to have his Barge struck by a Beam 'blown against it from the Ship, by which he had like 'to have been destroy'd. I could add more, but am in 'Haste, Dear Sir, Yours, &c.'

Letters of the 12th from Dusseldorp confirm, that the King of Prussia is gone to Moravia to put himself at the Head of a powerful Army, in order to march towards Vienna.

They had a Report at Hanover, according to Letters from thence of the 15th, that the French were preparing to quit that Neighbourhood, and march to Bohemia and Austria, in order to fill up the Bodies of their Countrymen, which have suffer'd great Chasms by Sickness, Want of Provisions, and the Arms of the Queen of Hungary; the Allies having lost, according to their own Confession, not less than 2000 Men in the late Action at Schardingen on the Frontiers of Bavaria,

The Prince of Saxe-Gotha, who is preparing to return to Germany, has had his Audience of Leave of the French King.

The Queen of Hungary's Forces have entirely evacuated the Duchies of Parma and Placentia, and carried off all the Artillery and Ammunition to Mantua, but the Inhabitants were oblig'd to pay them a considerable Sum before they went off.

The Prince and Princess of Brunswic arriv'd on the Frontiers of Prussia upon New Year's Day.

On Thursday last the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Limerick of the Kingdom of Ireland, was unanimously chosen Member of Parliament for Tavistock in Devonshire, in the room of the Lord Sherrard Manners lately deceased.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge,	Morning	04	01	Evening 04 18

Bank Stock, 136 7-1ths to 3-4ths. India, 156 3-4ths to 157, South Sea, 104 1-half. Old Annuity, 112 3-8ths to 5-8ths to 1-half. New ditto, 110 3-8ths to 1-half. Three per Cent. 98 7-8ths to 99. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 87. London Assurance, 11 1-4th. African, 10. India Bonds, 3 l. 18 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 3 l. 2 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies, Par to 1-4th Prem. English Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, 94 3-4ths. Million Bank, 113. Equivalent, 110.

Admiralty Office, January 26, 1741.

MY *Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having ordered the Petty Officers and Foremastmen of his Majesty's Ship the Windsor to be removed into the Cambridge, and the Leave of Absence which has been given to them being expired, it is their Lordships strict Directions, that the said Petty Officers and Foremastmen do immediately repair on board his Majesty's Ship Cambridge at Spithead, on pain not only of losing their Wages, but of their being apprehended, and tried as Deserters.*

Tho. Corbett.

Bank, January 15, 1741.

WHereas *Information has been given at the Bank, That* JOHN WAITE, *their late Cashier, was seen lately at a certain Inn some Distance from London; and it being supposed that he is about to make his Escape out of the Land, This therefore is to give Notice to all* Captains, Masters of Ships or Small Vessels, Fishermen, Innkeepers, &c. *That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said* JOHN WAITE, *to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England* Three hundred Pounds, *over and above the* Two hundred Pounds *offered in former Advertisements, in the Whole* FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS.

David Le Gros, *Secretary.*

N. B. *The said* JOHN WAITE *is about Forty-one Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complection, but travels somewhat disguised.*

Lottery Office, Jan. 27, 1741.

THE *Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Fortunate Tickets of the Bridge Lottery Anno* 1741, *and to deliver out Certificates for and in lieu thereof payable by the Cashiers appointed by the Bank for the said Lottery, according to the Directions of the said Act in that Behalf, Do hereby give Notice, that they will begin to take in and enter for Certificates the Fortunate Tickets at their Office near the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, on Monday the 1st of February next, and so from day to day, (Sundays and Holidays excepted) from Ten in the Forenoon till Two in the Afternoon each Day; and to the End that the Persons entitled to the said Fortunate Tickets may have Dispatch, the said Managers will take in and enter the said Tickets, at two different Seats, that is to say, the Fortunate Tickets from No. 1 to 30,000 at the first Seat mark'd Letter A; the Fortunate Tickets from No. 30,001 to 55,000 at the second Seat mark'd Letter B. The Persons therefore possessed of the said Fortunate Tickets are desired with their Tickets to bring Lists thereof made out as near as may be in Numerical Order, and adapted to each of the said Seats, and at the Bottom of the Lists to write the Christian and Sir-names, and other Descriptions of the Persons to be named in the Certificates to the Proprietors of the said Tickets.*

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Secretary to his Majesty's Commissaries for settling the Tariff at Antwerp.

"The Dutch are our Rivals in Trade and Navigation; "yet, They must not be destroy'd. They are really "Outguard upon the Continent; and yet we must "too much for them. See p. 569.

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden-Ball in Pater-noster Row.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noster-Row.*